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1	TAX CREDIT REVIEW AMENDMENTS
2	2016 THIRD SPECIAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jeremy A. Peterson
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill provides for a review of certain tax credits.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 requires the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to review certain credits
13	related to individual income tax, corporate income tax, motor and special fuel tax,
14	taxation of admitted insurers, and economic development; and
15	• establishes requirements for the review by the Revenue and Taxation Interim
16	Committee.
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	This bill provides a special effective date.
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	59-7-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
24	59-7-614, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 30, 133 and last amended
25	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
26	59-7-614.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 135 and 350
27	59-7-614.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
28	59-7-614.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
29	59-7-614.8 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135

	59-7-159. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
	Section 1. Section 59-7-159 is enacted to read:
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	59-10-137 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	59-7-159 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Е	NACTS:
	63N-2-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 135 and 354
	63N-2-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
	63N-2-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 11
aı	mended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
	63N-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 344 and renumbered and
	59-13-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 375
	59-10-1108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-10-1107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-10-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
	59-10-1037, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 11
	59-10-1034, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
	59-10-1030, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-10-1029, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-10-1025, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 354
	59-10-1024, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
	59-10-1014, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
	59-10-1013, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-10-1012 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
	59-9-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 435
	59-7-619, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
	59-7-614.10 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 11

58	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
59	Committee.
60	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
61	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
62	continued, modified, or repealed.
63	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
64	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
65	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
66	under review to provide testimony;
67	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary
68	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
69	Economic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and
70	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
71	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
72	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
73	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an
74	evaluation of:
75	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
76	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
77	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
78	(v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
79	otherwise required by law.
80	(3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the
81	committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
82	under the following sections:
83	(i) Section <u>59-7-601</u> ;
84	(ii) Section 59-7-607;
85	(iii) Section 59-7-612;

86	(iv) Section 59-7-614.1; and
87	(v) Section 59-7-614.5.
88	(b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee
89	shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
90	following sections:
91	(i) Section 59-7-609;
92	(ii) Section <u>59-7-614.2;</u>
93	(iii) Section 59-7-614.10;
94	(iv) Section <u>59-7-617;</u>
95	(v) Section 59-7-619; and
96	(vi) Section <u>59-7-620.</u>
97	(c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the committee
98	shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
99	<u>following sections:</u>
100	(i) Section <u>59-7-605</u> ;
101	(ii) Section <u>59-7-610;</u>
102	(iii) Section 59-7-614;
103	(iv) Section <u>59-7-614.7</u> ;
104	(v) Section 59-7-614.8; and
105	(vi) Section <u>59-7-618.</u>
106	(d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
107	conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
108	<u>2017.</u>
109	(ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
110	years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
111	Section 2. Section 59-7-612 is amended to read:
112	59-7-612. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state Carry
113	forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions

114	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
115	(1) (a) A taxpayer meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following
116	nonrefundable tax credits:
117	(i) a research tax credit of 5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
118	current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (4);
119	(ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided
120	in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code, of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the
121	base amount provided for under Subsection (4); and
122	(iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
123	current taxable year.
124	(b) Subject to Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under:
125	(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer incurs
126	the qualified research expenses; or
127	(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer makes the payment
128	to the qualified organization.
129	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
130	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
131	(2) For purposes of claiming a tax credit under this section, a unitary group as defined
132	in Section 59-7-101 is considered to be one taxpayer.
133	(3) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
134	(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
135	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
136	(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
137	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
138	(4) For purposes of this section:
139	(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),

(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental

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Internal Revenue Code, except that:

142	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
143	(ii) a taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross receipts attributable to sources
144	within this state as provided in Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah
145	UDITPA Provisions; and
146	(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
147	the base amount, a taxpayer:
148	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B)
149	regardless of whether the taxpayer meets the requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II);
150	and
151	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
152	(4)(a)(iii)(A);
153	(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
154	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;
155	(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
156	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;
157	(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal
158	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
159	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
160	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and
161	(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under
162	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
163	(5) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or
164	(ii) exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the
165	tax credit exceeding the tax liability:
166	(i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
167	and
168	(ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
169	(b) A taxpayer may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by Subsection (1)(a)(iii).

170 (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 171 commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic 172 173 research conducted in this state. (7) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the 174 175 commission shall provide an electronic report of the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal 176 177 becomes effective. 178 (8) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits 179 provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (7) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, 180 181 Internal Revenue Code. (b) The review described in Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to the review required by 182 Section 59-7-159. 183 184 [(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim 185 Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the 186 187 termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code. 188 [(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this section: 189 190 (i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section; (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section: 191 192 (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and 193 (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be: 194 (A) continued; 195 (B) modified; or 196 (C) repealed. 197 [(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits

198	provided for in this section, the committee shall <u>issue a</u> report [its findings to the Legislative
199	Management Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the
200	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits] of the Revenue and Taxation
201	Interim Committee's findings.
202	Section 3. Section 59-7-614 is amended to read:
203	59-7-614. Renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions Certification
204	Rulemaking authority.
205	(1) As used in this section:
206	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
207	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
208	electrical energy; and
209	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
210	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
211	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
212	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
213	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
214	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
215	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
216	(c) "Commercial energy system" means a system that is:
217	(i) (A) an active solar system;
218	(B) a biomass system;
219	(C) a direct use geothermal system;
220	(D) a geothermal electricity system;
221	(E) a geothermal heat pump system;
222	(F) a hydroenergy system;
223	(G) a passive solar system; or
224	(H) a wind system;
225	(ii) located in the state; and

226	(iii) used:
227	(A) to supply energy to a commercial unit; or
228	(B) as a commercial enterprise.
229	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means an entity, the purpose of which is to produce
230	electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy for sale from a commercial energy system.
231	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" means a building or structure that an entity uses to transact
232	business.
233	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
234	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a wind
235	system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit; or
236	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that an entity uses to transact
237	business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
238	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
239	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building,
240	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
241	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
242	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
243	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
244	(h) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
245	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
246	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
247	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
248	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
249	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
250	of:
251	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
252	energy; and
253	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.

234	(k) Office means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 0514-4-401.
255	(l) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
256	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
257	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
258	available at the site.
259	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
260	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
261	(m) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
262	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a commercial energy system.
263	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
264	(A) an interest charge; or
265	(B) a maintenance expense.
266	(n) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
267	residential unit:
268	(i) an active solar system;
269	(ii) a biomass system;
270	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
271	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
272	(v) a hydroenergy system;
273	(vi) a passive solar system; or
274	(vii) a wind system.
275	(o) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
276	unit that:
277	(A) is located in the state; and
278	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.
279	(ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:
280	(A) Section 59-2-404;
281	(B) Section 59-2-405;

282	(C) Section 59-2-405.1;
283	(D) Section 59-2-405.2; or
284	(E) Section 59-2-405.3.
285	(p) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of:
286	(i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and
287	(ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use, sale,
288	or storage.
289	(2) A taxpayer may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section
290	against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
291	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a taxpayer may claim a
292	nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the taxpayer
293	owns or uses if:
294	(i) the taxpayer:
295	(A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the
296	energy required for the residential unit; or
297	(B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of
298	the energy required for the residential unit;
299	(ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January
300	1, 2007; and
301	(iii) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
302	Subsection (7).
303	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the
304	reasonable costs of each residential energy system installed with respect to each residential unit
305	the taxpayer owns or uses.
306	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
307	(iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in

(iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a taxpayer's tax

which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.

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310 liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the 311 liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years. (v) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) may 312 313 not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit. 314 (c) If a taxpayer sells a residential unit to another person before the taxpayer claims the 315 tax credit under this Subsection (3): 316 (i) the taxpayer may assign the tax credit to the other person; and 317 (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim 318 the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section 319 to claim the tax credit; or 320 (B) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the 321 other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1014 as if the other person had met 322 the requirements of Section 59-10-1014 to claim the tax credit. 323 (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a taxpayer may claim a 324 refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if: 325 (i) the commercial energy system does not use: (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a 326 327 total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or 328 (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity: 329 (ii) the taxpayer purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy 330 system; 331 (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 332 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or 333 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy 334 system as a commercial enterprise; (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after 335 336 January 1, 2007; and

(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with

338	Subsection (7).
339	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the
340	reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.
341	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may include installation costs.
342	(iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for the taxable year in
343	which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
344	(iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or carried back.
345	(v) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (4) may
346	not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.
347	(c) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(c)(ii) and (iii), a taxpayer that is a lessee of a
348	commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this
349	Subsection (4) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax
350	credit.
351	(ii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this
352	Subsection (4) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
353	(iii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this
354	Subsection (4) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease
355	begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
356	(5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a
357	refundable tax credit under this Subsection (5) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
358	(i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass
359	equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
360	(ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
361	commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
362	(B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy
363	system as a commercial enterprise;

(iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after

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January 1, 2007; and

366	(iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
367	Subsection (7).
368	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5)
369	is equal to the product of:
370	(A) 0.35 cents; and
371	(B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
372	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring
373	during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy
374	system is placed in commercial service.
375	(iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.
376	(c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial
377	unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor
378	irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
379	(6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a taxpayer may claim a
380	refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if:
381	(i) the taxpayer owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of
382	producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
383	(ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
384	commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
385	(B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy
386	system as a commercial enterprise;
387	(iii) the taxpayer does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4);
388	(iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after
389	January 1, 2015; and
390	(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
391	Subsection (7).
392	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (6)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6)
393	is equal to the product of:

394	(A)	0.35	cents;	and
JJT	(0.55	como,	and

- (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
 - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (6) may not be carried forward or carried back.
- (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (7) (a) Before a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section, the taxpayer shall obtain a written certification from the office.
 - (b) The office shall issue a taxpayer a written certification if the office determines that:
 - (i) the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the residential energy system or commercial energy system with respect to which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;
 - (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential energy system or commercial energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
- (i) for determining whether a residential energy system or commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (7)(b)(ii); and
- (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3) or (4), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy system or a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
 - (d) A taxpayer that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the

422	certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under
423	Section 59-1-1406.
424	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
425	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
426	(9) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
427	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
428	[(10) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue
429	and Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and
430	report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the
431	tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
432	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (10)(a)
433	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of
434	the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]
435	Section 4. Section 59-7-614.2 is amended to read:
436	59-7-614.2. Refundable economic development tax credit.
437	(1) As used in this section:
438	(a) "Business entity" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of "business entity" as
439	defined in Section 63N-2-103.
440	(b) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in
441	Section 17C-1-102.
442	(c) "Local government entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
443	63N-2-103.
444	(d) "New incremental jobs" means the same as that term is defined in Section
445	63N-2-103.
446	(e) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-103.
447	(f) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
448	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity, local government
449	entity, or community reinvestment agency may claim a refundable tax credit for economic

450	development.

(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity, local government entity, or community reinvestment agency for the taxable year.

- (4) A community reinvestment agency may claim a tax credit under this section only if a local government entity assigns the tax credit to the community reinvestment agency in accordance with Section 63N-2-104.
- (5) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (5)(b), the commission shall make a refund to the following that claim a tax credit under this section:
 - (i) a local government entity;
 - (ii) a community reinvestment agency; or
- (iii) a business entity if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability for a taxable year.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity, local government entity, or community reinvestment agency as required by Subsection (5)(a).
- (6) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) [For] Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office, to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic means:
- (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each business entity, local government entity, or community reinvestment agency for each calendar year;
 - (ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting a tax credit;

1/8	(111) (A) for a business entity, the new state revenues generated by the business entity
179	for the calendar year; or
480	(B) for a local government entity, regardless of whether the local government entity
481	assigns the tax credit in accordance with Section 63N-2-104, the new state revenues generated
482	as a result of a new commercial project within the local government entity for each calendar
483	year;
184	(iv) estimates for each of the next [five] three calendar years of the following:
485	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
486	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
187	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
488	(v) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
189	Section 63N-2-106; and
190	(vi) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
491	(c) (i) In providing the information described in Subsection (6)(b), the office shall
192	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
193	(ii) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (6)(c)(i), reporting the
194	information described in Subsection (6)(b) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax
195	credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
196	provide the information described in Subsection (6)(b) in the aggregate for all entities and
197	agencies that receive the tax credit under this section.
198	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
199	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
500	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
501	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
502	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
503	Section 5. Section 59-7-614.5 is amended to read:
504	59-7-614.5. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
505	(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Motion picture company" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of a motion 506 507 picture company under Section 63N-8-102. 508 (b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section 509 63N-1-201. 510 (c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that 511 term is defined in Section 63N-8-102. 512 (2) For a taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture 513 company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production. 514 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the 515 tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section 63N-8-103 for the taxable year. 516 517 (4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection 518 (4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax 519 credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's 520 tax liability for a taxable year. 521 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture 522 523 company as required by Subsection (4)(a). 524 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014] In 525 accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 526 Management Committee concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 527 528 repealed. 529 (b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study 530 required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information [to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee], if available to the office, to the Office of the 531 Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means: 532 533 [(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each motion picture company

534	for each calendar year; [and]
535	(B) estimates of the amount of tax credit that the office will grant for each of the next
536	[five] three calendar years;
537	[(ii)] (C) the criteria that the office uses in granting the tax credit;
538	[(iii)] (D) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
539	picture company for each calendar year;
540	[(iv)] (E) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]
541	under Section 63N-8-105; and
542	[(v)] (F) any other information [requested by] that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim
543	Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
544	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
545	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
546	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
547	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
548	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
549	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all motion picture
550	companies that receive the tax credit under this section.
551	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
552	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
553	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
554	office under Subsection (5)(b).
555	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
556	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
557	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
558	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
559	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
560	Section 6. Section 59-7-614.7 is amended to read:
561	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.

562	(1) As used in this section:
563	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
564	63M-4-502.
565	(b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
566	Section 63M-4-502.
567	(c) "Office" [is as defined] means the Office of Energy Development created in Section
568	63M-4-401.
569	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
570	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
571	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
572	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative
573	Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
574	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
575	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
576	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
577	taxable year; and
578	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
579	under this chapter for that taxable year.
580	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
581	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
582	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
583	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
584	repealed.
585	(b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
586	required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available
587	to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal
588	Analyst by electronic means:

[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity

590	for each taxable year;
591	[(ii)] (B) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
592	[(iii)] (C) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]
593	under Section 63M-4-505; and
594	[(iv)] (D) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
595	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
596	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
597	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
598	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
599	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
600	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
601	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all alternative
602	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
603	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
604	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
605	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
606	office under Subsection (5)(b).
607	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
608	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
609	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
610	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
611	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
612	Section 7. Section 59-7-614.8 is amended to read:
613	59-7-614.8. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
614	(1) As used in this section:
615	(a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
616	63N-2-702.
617	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" means the same as that term is defined

618 in Section	63N-2-702.
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- 619 (c) "New incremental job within the state" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-702.
 - (d) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-702.
- 622 (e) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development <u>created in Section</u>
 623 63N-1-201.
 - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this section.
 - (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
 - (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
 - (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; and
 - (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
 - (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
 - (b) [For] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:
 - (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for

646	each taxable year;
647	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
648	(iii) estimates for each of the next [five] three calendar years of the following:
649	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
650	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
651	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
652	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
653	Section 63N-2-705; and
654	(v) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
655	the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
656	(c) (i) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b), the office shall
657	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
658	(ii) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(c)(i), reporting the
659	information described in Subsection (5)(b) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax
660	credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
661	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b) in the aggregate for all alternative
662	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
663	(d) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
664	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
665	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
666	office under Subsection (5)(b).
667	[(c)] (e) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
668	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
669	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
670	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
671	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
672	Section 8. Section 59-7-614.10 is amended to read:
673	59-7-614.10. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.

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674	(1) As used in this section:
675	(a) "Business entity" means a corporation that meets the definition of "business entity"
676	as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
677	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
678	63N-1-201.
679	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
680	nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N-2-213.
681	(3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax
682	credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the
683	taxable year.
684	(4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that
685	does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the
686	business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
687	(5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
688	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
689	income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.
690	(6) (a) [On or before October 1, 2018, and every five years after October 1, 2018] In
691	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
692	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
693	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
694	repealed.
695	(b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
696	required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide by electronic means the following
697	information for each calendar year to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
698	the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:

[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;

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in each development zone;

 $[\frac{(ii)}{B}]$ the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits

702	[(iii)] (C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each
703	development zone;
704	[(iv)] (D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or
705	other depreciable property in each development zone;
706	[v) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report
707	[to the Legislature] under Section 63N-1-301; and
708	[(vi)] (F) any other information [as requested by the Revenue and Taxation Interim
709	Committee] that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
710	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the office shall
711	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
712	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
713	the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
714	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
715	provide the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all development
716	zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
717	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative
718	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
719	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
720	office under Subsection (6)(b).
721	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
722	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
723	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
724	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
725	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
726	Section 9. Section 59-7-619 is amended to read:
727	59-7-619. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
728	(1) As used in this section:
729	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section

730	(21	A A	602.
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731 (b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63M-4-602.

- 733 (c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section 734 63M-4-602.
 - (d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
 - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation that is an infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a high cost infrastructure project as provided in this section.
 - (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the taxable year.
 - (4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
 - (a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; and
 - (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
 - (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
 - (b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:

758	[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure
759	cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
760	[(ii)] (B) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure
761	project;
762	[(iii)] (C) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]
763	under Section 63M-4-505; and
764	[(iv)] (D) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
765	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
766	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
767	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
768	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
769	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
770	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
771	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all infrastructure
772	cost-burdened entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
773	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
774	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
775	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
776	office under Subsection (5)(b).
777	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the [Revenue
778	and Taxation Interim Committee's] recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a)
779	include an evaluation of:
780	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
781	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
782	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
783	Section 10. Section 59-9-107 is amended to read:
784	59-9-107. Nonrefundable small business jobs credit.
785	(1) As used in this section:

786 (a) "Credit allowance date" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 787 63N-2-602. (b) "Office" [is as defined] means the Governor's Office of Economic Development 788 789 created in Section [63N-1-102] 63N-1-201. (c) "Tax credit certificate" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 790 791 63N-2-602. 792 (2) An entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against a tax liability under this 793 chapter in accordance with this section if the entity is issued a tax credit certificate by the office 794 under Subsection 63N-2-603(11). The office shall issue a tax credit certificate to an entity that 795 is allocated tax credits under Subsection 63N-2-603(11)(e). 796 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the 797 tax credit certificate issued to the entity for the calendar year. 798 (4) An entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for seven years if: 799 (a) the entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a calendar year; and 800 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the entity's tax liability under this chapter for 801 that calendar year. 802 (5) An entity required to pay a retaliatory tax levied under this chapter for a reason other than claiming the tax credit may claim the tax credit after the retaliatory tax amount is 803 804 calculated, and the tax credit may be used to offset retaliatory tax liability. 805 (6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, this section does not apply to 806 an admitted insurer to the extent that the admitted insurer writes workers' compensation 807 insurance in this state and has premiums taxed under Subsection 59-9-101(2).

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repealed.

Interim Committee shall:

- 29 -

(7) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the Revenue

(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation

and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit provided by this section and make

recommendations concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or

814	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
815	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
816	under review to provide testimony;
817	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
818	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
819	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
820	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
821	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
822	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
823	Section 11. Section 59-10-137 is enacted to read:
824	59-10-137. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
825	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
826	Committee.
827	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
828	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
829	continued, modified, or repealed.
830	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
831	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
832	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
833	under review to provide testimony;
834	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Development to present a summary
835	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
836	Economic Development is required to make a report under this chapter; and
837	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
838	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
839	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
840	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an
841	evaluation of:

842	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
843	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
844	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
845	(v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
846	otherwise required by law.
847	(3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the
848	committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
849	under the following sections:
850	(i) Section 59-10-1004;
851	(ii) Section 59-10-1010;
852	(iii) Section 59-10-1015;
853	(iv) Section 59-10-1025;
854	(v) Section <u>59-10-1027;</u>
855	(vi) Section 59-10-1031;
856	(vii) Section 59-10-1032;
857	(viii) Section 59-10-1035;
858	(ix) Section 59-10-1104;
859	(x) Section <u>59-10-1105</u> ; and
860	(xi) Section 59-10-1108.
861	(b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee
862	shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
863	following sections:
864	(i) Section 59-10-1005;
865	(ii) Section 59-10-1006;
866	(iii) Section 59-10-1012;
867	(iv) Section 59-10-1013;
868	(v) Section 59-10-1022;
869	(vi) Section 59-10-1023;

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870	(vii) Section <u>59-10-1028;</u>	
871	(viii) Section 59-10-1034;	
872	(ix) Section <u>59-10-1037</u> ; and	
873	(x) Section 59-10-1107.	
874	(c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the c	<u>ommittee</u>
875	shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under	der the
876	following sections:	
877	(i) Section 59-10-1007;	
878	(ii) Section 59-10-1009;	
879	(iii) Section 59-10-1014;	
880	(iv) Section 59-10-1017;	
881	(v) Section 59-10-1018;	
882	(vi) Section <u>59-10-1019</u> ;	
883	(vii) Section 59-10-1024;	
884	(viii) Section 59-10-1029;	
885	(ix) Section <u>59-10-1030</u> ;	
886	(x) Section 59-10-1033;	
887	(xi) Section 59-10-1036;	
888	(xii) Section <u>59-10-1106</u> ; and	
889	(xiii) Section 59-10-1111.	
890	(d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the commi	ttee shall
891	conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after J	anuary 1,
892	<u>2017.</u>	
893	(ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
894	years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial re	view date.
895	Section 12. Section 59-10-1012 is amended to read:	
896	59-10-1012. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state	Carry

forward -- Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions --

Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.

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- (1) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:
- (i) a research tax credit of 5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research expenses for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (3);
- (ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (3); and
- (iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research expenses for the current taxable year.
 - (b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under:
- (i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust incurs the qualified research expenses; or
- (ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust makes the payment to the qualified organization.
 - (c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
 - (2) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
- 917 (a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in 918 Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
- 919 (b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating 920 the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
 - (3) For purposes of this section:
- 922 (a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h), 923 Internal Revenue Code, except that:
- 924 (i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental 925 credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;

926	(ii) a claimant's, estate's, or trust's gross receipts include only those gross receipts
927	attributable to sources within this state as provided in Section 59-10-118; and
928	(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
929	the base amount, a claimant, estate, or trust:
930	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B),
931	Internal Revenue Code, regardless of whether the claimant, estate, or trust meets the
932	requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II), Internal Revenue Code; and
933	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
934	(3)(a)(iii)(A);
935	(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
936	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;
937	(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
938	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;
939	(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal
940	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
941	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
942	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and
943	(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under
944	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
945	(4) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under
946	Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii) exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this
947	chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:
948	(i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
949	and
950	(ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
951	(b) A claimant, estate, or trust may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by
952	Subsection (1)(a)(iii).
953	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic research conducted in this state.

- (6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the commission shall report the modification or repeal by electronic means to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
- (7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) The review described in Subsection (7)(a) is in addition to the review required by Section 59-10-137.
 - [(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
 - [(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this section:
 - (i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
 - (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
 - (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
- 976 (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
- 977 (A) continued;

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- 978 (B) modified; or
- 979 (C) repealed.
- 980 [(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits 981 provided for in this section, the committee shall issue a report [its] of the Revenue and

982	Taxation Interim Committee's findings [to the Legislative Management Committee on or
983	before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim
984	Committee reviews the tax credits].
985	Section 13. Section 59-10-1013 is amended to read:
986	59-10-1013. Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used for
987	conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to report
988	modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim
989	Committee study.
990	(1) As used in this section:
991	(a) "Basic research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(7),
992	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this
993	state.
994	(b) "Equipment" includes:
995	(i) a computer;
996	(ii) computer equipment; and
997	(iii) computer software.
998	(c) "Purchase price":
999	(i) includes the cost of installing an item of machinery or equipment; and
1000	(ii) does not include a tax imposed under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, on an
1001	item of machinery or equipment.
1002	(d) "Qualified organization" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1003	41(e)(6), Internal Revenue Code.
1004	(e) "Qualified research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d),
1005	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this
1006	state.
1007	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), for <u>a</u> taxable [years] year beginning on
1008	or after January 1, 1999, but beginning before December 31, 2010, a claimant, estate, or trust
1009	meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:

1010	(i) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
1011	(A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
1012	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1013	(C) that is primarily used to conduct qualified research in this state; and
1014	(ii) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price paid by the claimant, estate, or trust for
1015	machinery, equipment, or both:
1016	(A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
1017	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1018	(C) that is donated to a qualified organization; and
1019	(D) that is primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
1020	(b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under
1021	this section for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust purchases the machinery
1022	equipment, or both.
1023	(c) If a claimant, estate, or trust qualifies for a tax credit under Subsection (2)(a) for a
1024	purchase of machinery, equipment, or both, the claimant, estate, or trust may not claim the tax
1025	credit or carry the tax credit forward if the machinery, equipment, or both, is primarily used to
1026	conduct qualified research in the state for a time period that is less than 12 consecutive months
1027	(3) Notwithstanding Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code, a tax credit provided for in
1028	this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
1029	(4) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this
1030	section exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year
1031	the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:
1032	(a) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
1033	and
1034	(b) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
1035	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1036	commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for

qualified organizations to ensure that machinery, equipment, or both provided to the qualified

1038	organization is to	be primarily used	to conduct basic	research in this state.
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- (6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the commission shall report the modification or repeal by electronic means to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
- (7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
- 1047 (b) The review described in Subsection (7)(a) is in addition to the review required by
 1048 Section 59-10-137.
 - [(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
- [(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this section the:
 - (i) cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
 - (ii) purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
 - (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
- (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
- 1059 (A) continued;

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- 1060 (B) modified; or
- 1061 (C) repealed.
 - [(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits provided for in this section, the committee shall <u>issue a report [its] of the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's</u> findings [to the Legislative Management Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim

1066	Committee reviews the tax credits].
1067	Section 14. Section 59-10-1014 is amended to read:
1068	59-10-1014. Nonrefundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
1069	Certification Rulemaking authority.
1070	(1) As used in this section:
1071	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
1072	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
1073	electrical energy; and
1074	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
1075	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
1076	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
1077	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
1078	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
1079	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
1080	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage
1081	(c) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
1082	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building,
1083	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
1084	(d) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
1085	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
1086	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
1087	(e) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
1088	(f) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
1089	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
1090	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
1091	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
1092	(g) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
1093	of:

1094	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
1095	energy; and
1096	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
1097	(h) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
1098	(i) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
1099	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
1100	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
1101	available at the site.
1102	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
1103	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
1104	(j) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
1105	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a residential energy system.
1106	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
1107	(A) an interest charge; or
1108	(B) a maintenance expense.
1109	(k) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
1110	residential unit:
1111	(i) an active solar system;
1112	(ii) a biomass system;
1113	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
1114	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
1115	(v) a hydroenergy system;
1116	(vi) a passive solar system; or
1117	(vii) a wind system.
1118	(l) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
1119	unit that:
1120	(A) is located in the state; and
1121	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.

1122 (ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under: 1123 (A) Section 59-2-404; 1124 (B) Section 59-2-405; 1125 (C) Section 59-2-405.1; 1126 (D) Section 59-2-405.2; or 1127 (E) Section 59-2-405.3. 1128 (m) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of: (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and 1129 1130 (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use or 1131 storage. 1132 (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in 1133 this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 1134 (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit 1135 1136 the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses if: 1137 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust: 1138 (A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the 1139 energy required for the residential unit; or (B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of 1140 the energy required for the residential unit: 1141 (ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1142 1, 2007; and 1143 1144 (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 1145 accordance with Subsection (4). 1146 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (vi), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy system installed with respect to each residential 1147

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unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses.

(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.

(iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.

- (iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
- (v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this Subsection (3) may not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (vi) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit with respect to additional residential energy systems or parts of residential energy systems for a subsequent taxable year if the total amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust claims does not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that leases a residential energy system installed on a residential unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (d) If a claimant, estate, or trust sells a residential unit to another person before the claimant, estate, or trust claims the tax credit under this Subsection (3):
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
- (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-7-614 to claim the tax credit; or

(B) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit.

- (4) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the office determines that the residential energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;

- (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
- (i) for determining whether a residential energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
- (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
- (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
- (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
 - (6) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the

1206	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
1207	(7) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
1208	59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
1209	section for that purchase.
1210	[(8) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue and
1211	Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and report its
1212	recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax credit
1213	should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
1214	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (8)(a)
1215	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of
1216	the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]
1217	Section 15. Section 59-10-1024 is amended to read:
1218	59-10-1024. Nonrefundable tax credit for qualifying solar projects.
1219	(1) As used in this section:
1220	(a) "Active solar system" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1221	59-10-1014.
1222	(b) "Purchaser" means a claimant, estate, or trust that purchases one or more solar units
1223	from a qualifying political subdivision.
1224	(c) "Qualifying political subdivision" means:
1225	(i) a city or town in this state;
1226	(ii) an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
1227	or
1228	(iii) a special service district created under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
1229	District Act.
1230	(d) "Qualifying solar project" means the portion of an active solar system:
1231	(i) that a qualifying political subdivision:
1232	(A) constructs;
1233	(B) controls; or

1234	(C) owns;
1235	(ii) with respect to which the qualifying political subdivision described in Subsection
1236	(1)(c)(i) sells one or more solar units; and
1237	(iii) that generates electrical output that is furnished:
1238	(A) to one or more residential units; or
1239	(B) for the benefit of one or more residential units.
1240	(e) "Residential unit" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1241	59-10-1014.
1242	(f) "Solar unit" means a portion of the electrical output:
1243	(i) of a qualifying solar project;
1244	(ii) that a qualifying political subdivision sells to a purchaser; and
1245	(iii) the purchase of which requires that the purchaser agree to bear a proportionate
1246	share of the expense of the qualifying solar project:
1247	(A) in accordance with a written agreement between the purchaser and the qualifying
1248	political subdivision;
1249	(B) in exchange for a credit on the purchaser's electrical bill; and
1250	(C) as determined by a formula established by the qualifying political subdivision.
1251	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a
1252	purchaser may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of:
1253	(a) the amount the purchaser pays to purchase one or more solar units during the
1254	taxable year; and
1255	(b) 25%.
1256	(3) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed \$2,000 on a
1257	return.
1258	(4) A purchaser may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does
1259	not exceed the next four taxable years if:
1260	(a) the purchaser is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year;
1261	and

1262	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the purchaser's tax liability under this chapter
1263	for that taxable year.
1264	(5) Subject to Section 59-10-1014, a tax credit under this section is in addition to any
1265	other tax credit allowed by this chapter.
1266	[(6) (a) On or before October 1, 2012, and every five years after October 1, 2012, the
1267	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit allowed by this section
1268	and report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether
1269	the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
1270	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (6)(a)
1271	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of
1272	the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]
1273	Section 16. Section 59-10-1025 is amended to read:
1274	59-10-1025. Nonrefundable tax credit for investment in certain life science
1275	establishments.
1276	(1) As used in this section:
1277	(a) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business
1278	of a Utah small business corporation is directed or managed.
1279	(b) "Eligible claimant, estate, or trust" means the same as that term is defined in
1280	Section 63N-2-802.
1281	(c) "Life science establishment" means an establishment primarily engaged in the
1282	development or manufacture of products in one or more of the following categories:
1283	(i) biotechnologies;
1284	(ii) medical devices;
1285	(iii) medical diagnostics; and
1286	(iv) pharmaceuticals.
1287	(d) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1288	(e) "Pass-through entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1402.
1289	(f) "Pass-through entity taxpayer" means the same as that term is defined in Section

1290	59-10-1402.
1291	(g) "Qualifying ownership interest" means an ownership interest that is:
1292	(i) (A) common stock;
1293	(B) preferred stock; or
1294	(C) an ownership interest in a pass-through entity;
1295	(ii) originally issued to:
1296	(A) an eligible claimant, estate, or trust; or
1297	(B) a pass-through entity if the eligible claimant, estate, or trust that claims a tax credit
1298	under this section was a pass-through entity taxpayer of the pass-through entity on the day on
1299	which the qualifying ownership interest was issued and remains a pass-through entity taxpayer
1300	of the pass-through entity until the last day of the taxable year for which the eligible claimant,
1301	estate, or trust claims a tax credit under this section; and
1302	(iii) issued:
1303	(A) by a Utah small business corporation;
1304	(B) on or after January 1, 2011; and
1305	(C) for money or other property, except for stock or securities.
1306	(h) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(h)(ii), "Utah small business corporation"
1307	means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1022.
1308	(ii) For purposes of this section, a corporation under Section 1244(c)(3)(A), Internal
1309	Revenue Code, is considered to include a pass-through entity.
1310	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, for a taxable year beginning on or
1311	after January 1, 2011, an eligible claimant, estate, or trust that holds a tax credit certificate
1312	issued to the eligible claimant, estate, or trust in accordance with Section 63N-2-808 for that
1313	taxable year may claim a nonrefundable tax credit in an amount up to 35% of the purchase
1314	price of a qualifying ownership interest in a Utah small business corporation by the claimant,
1315	estate, or trust if:
1316	(a) the qualifying ownership interest is issued by a Utah small business corporation that
1317	is a life science establishment;

1318	(b) the quantying ownership interest in the Otan small business corporation is
1319	purchased for at least \$25,000;
1320	(c) the eligible claimant, estate, or trust owned less than 30% of the qualifying
1321	ownership interest of the Utah small business corporation at the time of the purchase of the
1322	qualifying ownership interest; and
1323	(d) on each day of the taxable year in which the purchase of the qualifying ownership
1324	interest was made, the Utah small business corporation described in Subsection (2)(a) has at
1325	least 50% of its employees in the state.
1326	(3) Subject to Subsection (4), the tax credit under Subsection (2):
1327	(a) may only be claimed by an eligible claimant, estate, or trust:
1328	(i) for a taxable year for which the eligible claimant, estate, or trust holds a tax credit
1329	certificate issued in accordance with Section 63N-2-808; and
1330	(ii) subject to obtaining a tax credit certificate for each taxable year as required by
1331	Subsection (3)(a)(i), for a period of three taxable years as follows:
1332	(A) the tax credit in the taxable year in which the purchase of the qualifying ownership
1333	interest was made may not exceed 10% of the purchase price of the qualifying ownership
1334	interest;
1335	(B) the tax credit in the taxable year after the taxable year described in Subsection
1336	(3)(a)(ii)(A) may not exceed 10% of the purchase price of the qualifying ownership interest;
1337	and
1338	(C) the tax credit in the taxable year two years after the taxable year described in
1339	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) may not exceed 15% of the purchase price of the qualifying ownership
1340	interest; and
1341	(b) may not exceed the lesser of:
1342	(i) the amount listed on the tax credit certificate issued in accordance with Section
1343	63N-2-808; or
1344	(ii) \$350,000 in a taxable year.
1345	(4) An eligible claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit under this section

1346 for a taxable year if the eligible claimant, estate, or trust: (a) has sold any of the qualifying ownership interest during the taxable year; or 1347 (b) does not hold a tax credit certificate for that taxable year that is issued to the 1348 1349 eligible claimant, estate, or trust by the office in accordance with Section 63N-2-808. 1350 (5) If a Utah small business corporation in which an eligible claimant, estate, or trust 1351 purchases a qualifying ownership interest fails, dissolves, or otherwise goes out of business, the 1352 eligible claimant, estate, or trust may not claim both the tax credit provided in this section and 1353 a capital loss on the qualifying ownership interest. 1354 (6) If an eligible claimant is a pass-through entity taxpayer that files a return under 1355 Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the eligible claimant may claim the tax credit under this section on the return filed under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income 1356 1357 Taxes. 1358 (7) A claimant, estate, or trust may not carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section. 1359 1360 (8) (a) In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim 1361 Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations 1362 concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed. 1363 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (8), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office, to 1364 the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means: 1365

- the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:

 (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each eligible business entity for
- 1368 (ii) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues generated by each eligible product or project;
 - (iii) estimates for each of the next three calendar years of the following:
- (A) the amount of tax credit that the office will grant;

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each taxable year:

- (B) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues that will be generated; and
- (C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;

1374	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report under Section 63N-2-705;
1375	<u>and</u>
1376	(v) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1377	(c) (i) In providing the information described in Subsection (8)(b), the office shall
1378	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1379	(ii) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (8)(c)(i), reporting the
1380	information described in Subsection (8)(b) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax
1381	credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1382	provide the information described in Subsection (8)(b) in the aggregate for all entities that
1383	receive the tax credit under this section.
1384	(d) As part of the study required by this Subsection (8), the Office of the Legislative
1385	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1386	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1387	office under Subsection (8)(b).
1388	(e) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
1389	recommendations described in Subsection (8)(a) include an evaluation of:
1390	(i) the cost of the tax credit under this section;
1391	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1392	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1393	Section 17. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read:
1394	59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.
1395	(1) As used in this section:
1396	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1397	63M-4-502.
1398	(b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
1399	Section 63M-4-502.
1400	(c) "Office" [is as defined in] means the Office of Energy Development created in
1401	Section 63M-4-401.

1402	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
1403	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section
1404	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
1405	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative
1406	Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
1407	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
1408	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
1409	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
1410	taxable year; and
1411	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
1412	under this chapter for that taxable year.
1413	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
1414	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1415	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1416	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1417	repealed.
1418	(b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
1419	required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available
1420	to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal
1421	Analyst by electronic means:
1422	[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity
1423	for each taxable year;
1424	[(ii)] (B) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
1425	[(iii)] (C) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]
1426	under Section 63M-4-505; and
1427	[(iv)] (D) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
1428	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1429	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall

1430	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1431	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
1432	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
1433	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1434	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all alternative
1435	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
1436	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1437	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1438	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1439	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1440	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1441	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1442	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1443	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1444	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1445	Section 18. Section 59-10-1030 is amended to read:
1446	59-10-1030. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
1447	(1) As used in this section:
1448	(a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1449	63N-2-702.
1450	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" means the same as that term is defined
1451	in Section 63N-2-702.
1452	(c) "New incremental job with the state" means the same as that term is defined in
1453	Section 63N-2-702.
1454	(d) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-702.
1455	(e) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development <u>created in Section</u>
1456	<u>63N-1-201</u> .
1457	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may

1458 claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this 1459 section. 1460 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a 1461 tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year. 1462 1463 (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a 1464 period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if: 1465 (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a 1466 taxable year; and 1467 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability 1468 under this chapter for that taxable year. 1469 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 1470 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 1471 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 1472 1473 repealed. (b) [For] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), for purposes of the study required by 1474 this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office, 1475 1476 to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by 1477 electronic means: (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for 1478

- 1478 (1) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for each taxable year;
 - (ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
 - (iii) estimates for each of the next [five] three calendar years of the following:
 - (A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;

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- (B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
- (C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
- (iv) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under

1486	Section $[63N-2-705]$ $63N-1-301$; and
1487	(v) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
1488	the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1489	(c) (i) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b), the office shall
1490	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1491	(ii) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(c)(i), reporting the
1492	information described in Subsection (5)(b) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax
1493	credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1494	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b) in the aggregate for all alternative
1495	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
1496	(d) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1497	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1498	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1499	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1500	[(c)] (e) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1501	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1502	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1503	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1504	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1505	Section 19. Section 59-10-1034 is amended to read:
1506	59-10-1034. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
1507	(1) As used in this section:
1508	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1509	63M-4-602.
1510	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
1511	Section 63M-4-602.
1512	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1513	63M-4-602.

1514	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
1515	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a claimant, estate, or trust that is an
1516	infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a
1517	high cost infrastructure project as provided in this section.
1518	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
1519	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
1520	Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the
1521	taxable year.
1522	(4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this
1523	section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
1524	(a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this
1525	section for a taxable year; and
1526	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax
1527	liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
1528	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In
1529	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1530	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1531	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1532	repealed.
1533	(b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
1534	required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available
1535	to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal
1536	Analyst:
1537	[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure
1538	cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
1539	[(ii)] (B) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure
1540	project;

[(iii)] (C) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]

1542	under Section 63M-4-505; and
1543	[(iv)] (D) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
1544	Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1545	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
1546	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1547	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
1548	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
1549	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1550	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all infrastructure
1551	cost-burdened entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
1552	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1553	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1554	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1555	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1556	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the [Revenue
1557	and Taxation Interim Committee's] recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a)
1558	include an evaluation of:
1559	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1560	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1561	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1562	Section 20. Section 59-10-1037 is amended to read:
1563	59-10-1037. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.
1564	(1) As used in this section:
1565	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
1566	"business entity" as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
1567	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
1568	63N-1-201.
1569	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a

nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N	-2-213.
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- (3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the taxable year.
- (4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
- (5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.
- (6) (a) [On or before October 1, 2018, and every five years after October 1, 2018] In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide by electronic means the following information, if available to the office, for each calendar year to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
 - [(i)] (A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
- [(ii)] (B) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in each development zone;
 - [(iii)] (C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development zone;
- 1594 [(iv)] (D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or 1595 other depreciable property in each development zone;
- 1596 [(v)] (E) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report 1597 [to the Legislature] under Section 63N-1-301; and

1598	[(vi)] (F) other information [as requested by the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1599	Committee] that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1600	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the office shall
1601	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1602	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
1603	the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
1604	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1605	provide the information described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all development
1606	zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
1607	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of the Legislative
1608	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1609	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1610	office under Subsection (6)(b).
1611	$[\underline{(c)}]$ $\underline{(d)}$ The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that $[\underline{its}]$ \underline{the}
1612	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
1613	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1614	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1615	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1616	Section 21. Section 59-10-1106 is amended to read:
1617	59-10-1106. Refundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
1618	Certification Rulemaking authority.
1619	(1) As used in this section:
1620	(a) "Active solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1621	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1622	(b) "Biomass system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1623	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1624	(c) "Commercial energy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1625	term is defined in Section 59-7-614.

1626	(d) "Commercial enterprise" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1627	defined in Section 59-7-614.
1628	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1629	defined in Section 59-7-614.
1630	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
1631	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
1632	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
1633	or
1634	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that a claimant, estate, or trust uses
1635	to transact business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
1636	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1637	term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1638	(g) "Geothermal electricity" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1639	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1640	(h) "Geothermal energy" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1641	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1642	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1643	term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1644	(j) "Hydroenergy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1645	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1646	(k) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
1647	(l) "Passive solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
1648	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1649	(m) "Principal recovery portion" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1650	term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1651	(n) "Wind system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in

(2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in

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Section 59-10-1014.

1654	this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
1655	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust
1656	may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a commercial
1657	energy system if:
1658	(i) the commercial energy system does not use:
1659	(A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a
1660	total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
1661	(B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
1662	(ii) the claimant, estate, or trust purchases or participates in the financing of the
1663	commercial energy system;
1664	(iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
1665	commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
1666	(B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the
1667	commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
1668	(iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after
1669	January 1, 2007; and
1670	(v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in
1671	accordance with Subsection (6).
1672	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the
1673	reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.
1674	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
1675	(iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the
1676	taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
1677	(iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may not be carried forward or carried back.
1678	(v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this

Subsection (3) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.

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(c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that is a

lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit

under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.

- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
- (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
- (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
- (iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and
- (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (6).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (4) is equal to the product of:
- (A) 0.35 cents; and

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- (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
- 1709 (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or back.

1710	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed
1711	on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the claimant, estate, or
1712	trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
1713	(5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a claimant, estate, or trust
1714	may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (5) if:
1715	(i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a commercial energy system that uses solar
1716	equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
1717	(ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
1718	commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
1719	(B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the
1720	commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
1721	(iii) the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (3);
1722	(iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after
1723	January 1, 2015; and
1724	(v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in
1725	accordance with Subsection (6).
1726	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5)
1727	is equal to the product of:
1728	(A) 0.35 cents; and
1729	(B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
1730	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring
1731	during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy
1732	system is placed in commercial service.
1733	(iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.
1734	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed
1735	on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the claimant, estate, or
1736	trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.

(6) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the

claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.

- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
 - (ii) the office determines that the commercial energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;

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- (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- 1747 (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the commercial 1748 energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable resources in an appropriate and 1749 economic manner.
 - (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
 - (i) for determining whether a commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii); and
 - (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs of a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
 - (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
 - (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
 - (8) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
- (9) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
 59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
 section for that purchase.

1766	[(10) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue
1767	and Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and
1768	report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the
1769	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
1770	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (10)(a)
1771	shall include information concerning the cost of the credit, the purpose and effectiveness of the
1772	credit, and the state's benefit from the credit.]
1773	Section 22. Section 59-10-1107 is amended to read:
1774	59-10-1107. Refundable economic development tax credit.
1775	(1) As used in this section:
1776	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
1777	"business entity" as defined in Section 63N-2-103.
1778	(b) "New incremental jobs" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1779	63N-2-103.
1780	(c) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-103.
1781	(d) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1782	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
1783	refundable tax credit for economic development.
1784	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1785	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the taxable year.
1786	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1787	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a business entity that claims a tax credit under
1788	this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability for a
1789	taxable year.
1790	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1791	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity as
1792	required by Subsection (4)(a).
1793	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In

1794	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1795	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
1796	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
1797	repealed.
1798	(b) [For] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), for purposes of the study required by
1799	this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office,
1800	to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic means:
1801	(i) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1802	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1803	(iii) the new state revenues generated by each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1804	(iv) estimates for each of the next [five] three calendar years of the following:
1805	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
1806	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
1807	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
1808	(v) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
1809	Section 63N-2-106; and
1810	(vi) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
1811	(c) (i) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b), the office shall
1812	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1813	(ii) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(c)(i), reporting the
1814	information described in Subsection (5)(b) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax
1815	credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1816	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b) in the aggregate for all taxpayers that
1817	receive the tax credit under this section.
1818	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1819	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1820	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1821	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

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1822	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1823	Section 23. Section 59-10-1108 is amended to read:
1824	59-10-1108. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
1825	(1) As used in this section:
1826	(a) "Motion picture company" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the
1827	definition of a motion picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
1828	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
1829	<u>63N-1-201</u> .
1830	(c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1831	term is defined in Section 63N-8-102.
1832	(2) For <u>a</u> taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture
1833	company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
1834	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1835	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
1836	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
1837	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1838	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax
1839	credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's
1840	tax liability for the taxable year.
1841	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1842	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture
1843	company as required by Subsection (4)(a).
1844	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014] In
1845	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
1846	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative

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repealed.

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Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or

(b) [For] (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study

1850	required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available
1851	to the office, to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of the Legislative Fiscal
1852	Analyst by electronic means:
1853	[(i)] (A) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar
1854	year; [and]
1855	(B) estimates of the amount of tax credit that the office will grant for each of the next
1856	[five] three calendar years;
1857	[(ii)] (C) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1858	[(iii)] (D) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
1859	picture company for each calendar year;
1860	[(iv)] (E) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature]
1861	under Section 63N-8-105; and
1862	[(v)] (F) any other information [requested by the Revenue and Taxation Interim
1863	Committee] that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1864	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
1865	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
1866	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
1867	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
1868	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
1869	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all taxpayers that
1870	receive the tax credit under this section.
1871	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
1872	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
1873	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
1874	office under Subsection (5)(b).
1875	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1876	recommendations [under] described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1877	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

1878	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1879	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1880	Section 24. Section 59-13-202 is amended to read:
1881	59-13-202. Refund of tax for agricultural uses on individual income and
1882	corporate franchise and income tax returns Application for permit for refund
1883	Division of Finance to pay claims Rules permitted to enforce part Penalties
1884	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
1885	(1) As used in this section:
1886	(a) (i) Except at provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), "claimant" means a resident or
1887	nonresident person.
1888	(ii) "Claimant" does not include an estate or trust.
1889	(b) "Estate" means a nonresident estate or a resident estate.
1890	(c) "Refundable tax credit" or "tax credit" means a tax credit that a claimant, estate, or
1891	trust may claim:
1892	(i) as provided by statute; and
1893	(ii) regardless of whether, for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust
1894	claims the tax credit, the claimant, estate, or trust has a tax liability under:
1895	(A) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
1896	(B) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
1897	(d) "Trust" means a nonresident trust or a resident trust.
1898	(2) Any claimant, estate, or trust that purchases and uses any motor fuel within the state
1899	for the purpose of operating or propelling stationary farm engines and self-propelled farm
1900	machinery used for nonhighway agricultural uses, and that has paid the tax on the motor fuel as
1901	provided by this part, is entitled to a refund of the tax subject to the conditions and limitations
1902	provided under this part.
1903	(3) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust desiring a nonhighway agricultural use refund under
1904	this part shall claim the refund as a refundable tax credit on the tax return the claimant, estate,
1905	or trust files under:

(i) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or

(ii) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.

- 1908 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust not subject to filing a tax return described in Subsection 1909 (3)(a) shall obtain a permit and file claims on a calendar year basis.
 - (c) Any claimant, estate, or trust claiming a refundable tax credit under this section is required to furnish any or all of the information outlined in this section upon request of the commission.
 - (d) A refundable tax credit under this section is allowed only on purchases on which tax is paid during the taxable year covered by the tax return.
 - (4) In order to obtain a permit for a refund of motor fuel tax paid, an application shall be filed containing:
 - (a) the name of the claimant, estate, or trust;
 - (b) the claimant's, estate's, or trust's address;
 - (c) location and number of acres owned and operated, location and number of acres rented and operated, the latter of which shall be verified by a signed statement from the legal owner;
 - (d) number of acres planted to each crop, type of soil, and whether irrigated or dry; and
 - (e) make, size, and type of fuel used and power rating of each piece of equipment using fuel. If the claimant, estate, or trust is an operator of self-propelled or tractor-pulled farm machinery with which the claimant, estate, or trust works for hire doing custom jobs for other farmers, the application shall include information the commission requires and shall all be contained in, and be considered part of, the original application. The claimant, estate, or trust shall also file with the application a certificate from the county assessor showing each piece of equipment using fuel. This original application and all information contained in it constitutes a permanent file with the commission in the name of the claimant, estate, or trust.
 - (5) A claimant, estate, or trust claiming the right to a refund of motor fuel tax paid shall file a claim with the commission by April 15 of each year for the refund for the previous calendar year. The claim shall state the name and address of the claimant, estate, or trust, the

number of gallons of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses, and the amount paid for the motor fuel. The claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the original invoice to support the claim. No more than one claim for a tax refund may be filed annually by each user of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses.

- (6) Upon commission approval of the claim for a refund, the Division of Finance shall pay the amount found due to the claimant, estate, or trust. The total amount of claims for refunds shall be paid from motor fuel taxes.
- (7) The commission may refuse to accept as evidence of purchase or payment any instruments that show alteration or that fail to indicate the quantity of the purchase, the price of the motor fuel, a statement that the motor fuel is purchased for purposes other than transportation, and the date of purchase and delivery. If the commission is not satisfied with the evidence submitted in connection with the claim, the commission may reject the claim or require additional evidence.
- (8) A claimant, estate, or trust aggrieved by the decision of the commission with respect to a refundable tax credit or refund may file a request for agency action, requesting a hearing before the commission.
- (9) A claimant, estate, or trust that makes any false claim, report, or statement, as claimant, estate, trust, agent, or creditor, with intent to defraud or secure a refund to which the claimant, estate, or trust is not entitled, is subject to the criminal penalties provided under Section 59-1-401, and the commission shall initiate the filing of a complaint for alleged violations of this part. In addition to these penalties, the claimant, estate, or trust may not receive any refund as a claimant, estate, or trust or as a creditor of a claimant, estate, or trust for refund for a period of five years.
- (10) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (10)(b), the Division of Finance shall transfer at least annually from the Transportation Fund into the Education Fund an amount equal to the amount of the refund claimed under this section.
 - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

1962	commission may make rules providing procedures for:
1963	(i) making a refund to a claimant, estate, or trust as required by Subsection (3)(a)(i);
1964	(ii) making a transfer from the Transportation Fund into the Education Fund as
1965	required by Subsection (10)(a); or
1966	(iii) enforcing this part.
1967	(11) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the
1968	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit provided by this section
1969	and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified,
1970	or repealed.
1971	(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (11)(a), the Revenue and Taxation
1972	Interim Committee shall:
1973	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1974	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1975	review to provide testimony;
1976	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
1977	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1978	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1979	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1980	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1981	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
1982	Section 25. Section 63N-2-106 is amended to read:
1983	63N-2-106. Reports Posting monthly and annual reports Audit and study of
1984	tax credits.
1985	(1) The office shall include the following information in the annual written report
1986	described in Section 63N-1-301:
1987	(a) the office's success in attracting new commercial projects to development zones
1988	under this part and the corresponding increase in new incremental jobs;
1989	(b) how many new incremental jobs and high paying jobs are employees of a company

1990 that received tax credits under this part, including the number of employees who work for a 1991 third-party rather than directly for a company, receiving the tax credits under this part; (c) the estimated amount of tax credit commitments made by the office and the period 1992 1993 of time over which tax credits will be paid; 1994 (d) the economic impact on the state from new state revenues and the provision of tax 1995 credits under this part; 1996 (e) the estimated costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments made by 1997 the office; 1998 (f) the actual costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments made by the 1999 office; and 2000 (g) tax credit commitments made by the office, with the associated calculation. 2001 (2) Each month, the office shall post on its website and on a state website: 2002 (a) the new tax credit commitments made by the office during the previous month; and (b) the estimated costs and economic benefits of those tax credit commitments. 2003 (3) (a) On or before November 1, 2014, and every three years after November 1, 2014, 2004 2005 the office shall: 2006 (i) conduct an audit of the tax credits allowed under Section 63N-2-105; 2007 (ii) study the tax credits allowed under Section 63N-2-105; and 2008 (iii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued. 2009 modified, or repealed. (b) The audit shall include an evaluation of: 2010 2011 (i) the cost of the tax credits: 2012 (ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; 2013 (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits; and 2014 (iv) the state's return on investment under this part measured by new state revenues, compared with the costs of tax credits provided and GOED's expenses in administering this 2015 2016 part. (c) The office shall provide the results of the audit described in this Subsection (3): 2017

2018	(i) in the written annual report described in Subsection (1); and
2019	(ii) as part of the reviews described in Sections 59-7-159 and 59-10-137.
2020	Section 26. Section 63N-2-213 is amended to read:
2021	63N-2-213. State tax credits.
2022	(1) The office shall certify a business entity's eligibility for a tax credit described in this
2023	section.
2024	(2) A business entity seeking to receive a tax credit as provided in this section shall
2025	provide the office with:
2026	(a) an application for a tax credit certificate in a form approved by the office, including
2027	a certification, by an officer of the business entity, of a signature on the application; and
2028	(b) documentation that demonstrates the business entity has met the requirements to
2029	receive the tax credit.
2030	(3) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity
2031	as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation are
2032	inadequate to provide a reasonable justification for authorizing the tax credit, the office shall:
2033	(a) deny the tax credit; or
2034	(b) inform the business entity that the application or documentation was inadequate
2035	and ask the business entity to submit additional documentation.
2036	(4) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity
2037	as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation
2038	provide reasonable justification for authorizing a tax credit, the office shall:
2039	(a) determine the amount of the tax credit to be granted to the business entity;
2040	(b) issue a tax credit certificate to the business entity; and
2041	(c) provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit certificate to the State Tax Commission.
2042	(5) A business entity may not claim a tax credit under this section unless the business
2043	entity has a tax credit certificate issued by the office.
2044	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2045	office shall make rules describing

2046 (a) the form and content of an application for a tax credit under this section; 2047 (b) the documentation requirements for a business entity to receive a tax credit certificate under this section; and 2048 2049 (c) administration of the program, including relevant timelines and deadlines. (7) Subject to the limitations of Subsections (8) through (10), and if the requirements 2050 2051 of this part are met, the following nonrefundable tax credits against a tax under Title 59, 2052 Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income 2053 Tax Act, are applicable in an enterprise zone: 2054 (a) a tax credit of \$750 may be claimed by a business entity for each new full-time 2055 employee position created within the enterprise zone; (b) an additional \$500 tax credit may be claimed if the new full-time employee position 2056 2057 created within the enterprise zone pays at least 125% of: 2058 (i) the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage for the respective industry as determined by the Department of Workforce Services; or 2059 2060 (ii) if the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage is not available for the 2061 respective industry, the total average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage in the respective 2062 county where the enterprise zone is located; 2063 (c) an additional tax credit of \$750 may be claimed if the new full-time employee 2064 position created within the enterprise zone is in a business entity that adds value to agricultural 2065 commodities through manufacturing or processing; (d) an additional tax credit of \$200 may be claimed for two consecutive years for each 2066 2067 new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone that is filled by an 2068 employee who is insured under an employer-sponsored health insurance program if the 2069 employer pays at least 50% of the premium cost for the year for which the credit is claimed;

(e) a tax credit of 25% of the first \$200,000 spent on rehabilitating a building in the enterprise zone that has been vacant for two years or more; and

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(f) an annual investment tax credit of 10% of the first \$250,000 in investment, and 5% of the next \$1,000,000 qualifying investment in plant, equipment, or other depreciable

2074	property

(8) (a) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (8)(b), a business entity claiming a tax credit under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) may claim the tax credit for no more than 30 full-time employee positions in a taxable year.

- (b) A business entity that received a tax credit for one or more new full-time employee positions under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) in a prior taxable year may claim a tax credit for a new full-time employee position in a subsequent taxable year under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) if:
- 2082 (i) the business entity has created a new full-time position within the enterprise zone; 2083 and
 - (ii) the total number of full-time employee positions at the business entity at any point during the tax year for which the tax credit is being claimed is greater than the highest number of full-time employee positions that existed at the business entity in the previous three taxable years.
 - (c) Construction jobs are not eligible for the tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (d).
 - (9) If the amount of a tax credit under this section exceeds a business entity's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the business entity may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years.
 - (10) Tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (f) may not be claimed by a business entity primarily engaged in retail trade or by a public utilities business.
 - (11) A business entity that has no employees:
 - (a) may not claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (d); and
 - (b) may claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(e) through (f).
- 2099 (12) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.

2102	(13) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the
2103	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by this section
2104	and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, modified,
2105	or repealed.
2106	(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (13)(a), the Revenue and Taxation
2107	Interim Committee shall:
2108	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
2109	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credits
2110	under review to provide testimony;
2111	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
2112	(A) the cost of the tax credits to the state;
2113	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
2114	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits; and
2115	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
2116	Taxation Interim Committee.
2117	Section 27. Section 63N-2-305 is amended to read:
2118	63N-2-305. Targeted business income tax credit structure Duties of the local
2119	zone administrator Duties of the State Tax Commission Revenue and Taxation
2120	Interim Committee study.
2121	(1) A business applicant that is certified under Subsection 63N-2-304(3) and issued a
2122	targeted business tax credit eligibility form by the office under Subsection (8) may claim a
2123	refundable tax credit:
2124	(a) against the business applicant's tax liability under:
2125	(i) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
2126	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
2127	(b) subject to requirements and limitations provided by this part.
2128	(2) The total amount of the targeted business income tax credits allowed under this part
2129	for all business applicants may not exceed \$300,000 in any fiscal year.

2130	(3) (a) A targeted business income tax credit allowed under this part for each
2131	community investment project provided by a business applicant may not:
2132	(i) be claimed by a business applicant for more than seven consecutive taxable years
2133	from the date the business applicant first qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit on
2134	the basis of a community investment project;
2135	(ii) be carried forward or carried back;
2136	(iii) exceed \$100,000 in total amount for the community investment project period
2137	during which the business applicant is eligible to claim a targeted business income tax credit;
2138	or
2139	(iv) exceed in any year that the targeted business income tax credit is claimed the lesser
2140	of:
2141	(A) 50% of the maximum amount allowed by the local zone administrator; or
2142	(B) the allocated cap amount determined by the office under Subsection 63N-2-304(5).
2143	(b) A business applicant may apply to the local zone administrator to claim a targeted
2144	business income tax credit allowed under this part for each community investment project
2145	provided by the business applicant as the basis for its eligibility for a targeted business income
2146	tax credit.
2147	(4) Subject to other provisions of this section, the local zone administrator shall
2148	establish for each business applicant that qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit:
2149	(a) criteria for maintaining eligibility for the targeted business income tax credit that
2150	are reasonably related to the community investment project that is the basis for the business
2151	applicant's targeted business income tax credit;
2152	(b) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit the business
2153	applicant is allowed for the community investment project period;
2154	(c) the time period over which the total amount of the targeted business income tax
2155	credit may be claimed;
2156	(d) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business

applicant will be allowed to claim each year; and

2158 (e) requirements for a business applicant to report to the local zone administrator 2159 specifying: (i) the frequency of the business applicant's reports to the local zone administrator, 2160 2161 which shall be made at least quarterly; and 2162 (ii) the information needed by the local zone administrator to monitor the business 2163 applicant's compliance with this Subsection (4) or Section 63N-2-304 that shall be included in 2164 the report. 2165 (5) In accordance with Subsection (4)(e), a business applicant allowed a targeted 2166 business income tax credit under this part shall report to the local zone administrator. 2167 (6) The amount of a targeted business income tax credit that a business applicant is allowed to claim for a taxable year shall be reduced by 25% for each quarter in which the office 2168 2169 or the local zone administrator determines that the business applicant has failed to comply with 2170 a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304. 2171 (7) The office or local zone administrator may audit a business applicant to ensure: 2172 (a) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or 2173 (b) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304. 2174 (8) The office shall issue a targeted business income tax credit eligibility form in a form jointly developed by the State Tax Commission and the office no later than 30 days after 2175 2176 the last day of the business applicant's taxable year showing: 2177 (a) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business 2178 applicant is eligible for that taxable year; 2179 (b) any reductions in the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit 2180 because of failure to comply with a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304; 2181 (c) the allocated cap amount that the business applicant may claim for that taxable 2182 year; and (d) the actual amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business 2183

(9) (a) A business applicant shall retain the targeted business income tax credit

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applicant may claim for that taxable year.

2186	eligibility form provided by the office under this Subsection (9).
2187	(b) The State Tax Commission may audit a business applicant to ensure:
2188	(i) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or
2189	(ii) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304.
2190	(10) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the
2191	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit provided by this section
2192	and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified,
2193	or repealed.
2194	(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (10)(a), the Revenue and Taxation
2195	Interim Committee shall:
2196	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
2197	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
2198	review to provide testimony;
2199	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
2200	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
2201	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
2202	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
2203	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
2204	<u>Taxation Interim Committee.</u>
2205	Section 28. Section 63N-2-810 is amended to read:
2206	63N-2-810. Reports on tax credit certificates.
2207	[(1)] The office shall include the following information in the annual written report
2208	described in Section 63N-1-301:
2209	$[\frac{1}{2}]$ (1) the total amount listed on tax credit certificates the office issues under this
2210	part;
2211	[(b)] (2) the criteria that the office uses in prioritizing the issuance of tax credits
2212	amongst tax credit applicants under this part; and
2213	[(e)] (3) the economic impact on the state related to providing tax credits under this

2214	part.
2215	[(2) (a) On or before November 1, 2016, and every five years after November 1, 2016,
2216	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
2217	[(i) study the tax credit allowed under Section 59-10-1025; and]
2218	[(ii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credit should be continued,
2219	modified, or repealed.]
2220	[(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:]
2221	[(i) the cost of the tax credit under Section 59-10-1025;]
2222	[(ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credit; and]
2223	[(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.]
2224	[(c) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (2), the office shall provide
2225	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
2226	means:]
2227	[(i) the amount of tax credits that the office grants to each eligible business entity for
2228	each taxable year;]
2229	[(ii) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues generated by each eligible product or
2230	project;]
2231	[(iii) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:]
2232	[(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;]
2233	[(B) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues that will be generated; and]
2234	[(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;]
2235	[(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
2236	Section 63N-2-705; and]
2237	[(v) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.]
2238	Section 29. Effective date.
2239	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
2240	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
2241	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,

2242 <u>the date of veto override.</u>